

DEX (Dexamethasone) ELISA Kit

Catalog No: E-FS-E009

96T

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

If you have any problems, please contact our Technical Service Center for help.

Phone: 240-252-7368(USA) Fax: 240-252-7376(USA)

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Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

Test principle

This kit uses Competitive-ELISA as the method. It can detect Dexamethasone (DEX) in samples, such as muscle, milk, feed, etc. This kit is composed of ELISA Microtiter plate, HRP conjugate, antibody working solution, standard and other supplementary reagents. The microtiter plate in this kit has been pre-coated with coupled antigen. During the reaction, DEX in the samples or standard competes with coupled antigen on the solid phase supporter for sites of anti-DEX antibody. Then Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) conjugate is added to each microtiter plate well, and substrate reagent is added for color development. There is a negative correlation between the OD value of samples and the concentration of DEX. The concentration of DEX in the samples can be calculated by comparing the OD of the samples to the standard curve.

Technical indicator

Sensitivity: 0.1 ppb (ng/ml)

Reaction mode(Incubation time and temperature): 25°C; 30 min,30 min,15 min

Detection limit: Muscle ---0.2 ppb; Milk---0.5 ppb; Feed---1 ppb

Cross-reactivity: DEX ---100%

Sample recovery rate: 80% ± 15%

Kits components

| Item | Specifications |
|-----------------------------|---|
| ELISA Microtiter plate | 96 wells |
| Standard Liquid | 1 mL each (0 ppb, 0.1 ppb, 0.3 ppb, 0.9 ppb, 2.7 ppb, 8.1 ppb) |
| HRP Conjugate | 11 mL |
| Antibody Working Solution | 5.5 mL |
| Substrate Reagent A | 6 mL |
| Substrate Reagent B | 6 mL |
| Stop Solution | 6 mL |
| 20×Concentrated Wash Buffer | 40 mL |
| 2×Reconstitution Buffer | 50 mL |
| Plate Sealer | 3 pieces |
| Sealed Bag | 1 piece |
| Manual | 1 copy |

Note: All reagent bottle caps must be tightened to prevent evaporation and microbial pollution.

Other materials required but not supplied

Instruments: Microplate reader, Printer, Homogenizer, Nitrogen evaporators, Water bath, Oscillators, Centrifuge, Graduated pipette, Balance (sensitivity 0.01 g).

Micropipette: Single channel (20-200 μL , 100-1000 μL), Multichannel (30-300 μL).

Reagents: Ethyl acetate, NaOH, N-hexane.

Experimental preparation

Restore all reagents and samples to room temperature (25°C) before use.

Open the micro-plate reader in advance, preheat the instrument, and set the testing parameters.

1. Sample pretreatment Notice:

Experimental apparatus should be clean, and the pipette should be disposable to avoid cross-contamination during the experiment.

2. Solution preparation

Please prepare solution according to the number of samples. Don't use up all components in the kit at once!

Solution 1: 2 M NaOH Solution (*for livestock sample*)

Dissolve 40 g of **NaOH** to 500 mL with deionized water, mix fully.

Solution 2: 0.3 M NaOH Solution (*for feed sample*)

Dilute 75 mL of **2 M NaOH Solution** (Solution 1) to 500 mL with deionized water, mix fully.

Solution 3: Reconstitution Buffer

Dilute the **2×Reconstitution Buffer** with deionized water for the sample reconstitution (2×Reconstitution Buffer(V):deionized water(V)=1:1), it could be stored at 4°C for one month.

Solution 4: Wash Buffer

Dilute **20×Concentrated Wash Buffer** with deionized water. (20×Concentrated Wash Buffer (V): Deionized water (V) = 1:19).

3. Sample pretreatment procedure

3.1 Pretreatment of muscle (livestock) sample:

- (1) Remove fat from sample. Homogenize the representative sample with a homogenizer and mix fully.
- (2) Weigh 2 ± 0.05 g of homogenate muscle to a 50 mL centrifuge tube, then add 8 mL of **Ethyl acetate**, vortex for 5 min, centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 10 min at room temperature.
- (3) Take 4 mL of supernatant to a 50 mL centrifuge tube, then add 4 ml of **2 M NaOH Solution** (Solution 1), vortex for 5 min, and centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 10 min at room temperature.
- (4) Take 2 mL of supernatant to another 10 mL glass tube, dry at 50-60°C in nitrogen evaporators or water bath (Please do it in the fume hood).
- (5) Dissolve the residual with 1 mL of **Reconstitution Buffer** (Solution 3), vortex for 2 min.
- (6) Take 100 µL of liquid for analysis.

Note: Sample dilution factor: 2, detection limit: 0.2 ppb

3.2 Pretreatment of milk sample:

- (1) Take 200 µL of milk sample, add 0.8 mL of **Reconstitution Buffer** (Solution 3) and mix fully.
- (2) Take 100 µL of liquid for analysis.

Note: Sample dilution factor: 5, detection limit: 0.5 ppb

3.3 Pretreatment of feed sample:

- (1) Homogenize the representative sample with a homogenizer and mix fully.
- (2) Weigh 1 ± 0.05 g of homogenate sample into a 50 mL centrifuge tube, then add 4 mL of **0.3 M NaOH Solution** (Solution 2) and oscillate, then add 8 mL of **Ethyl acetate**, oscillate for 5 min, centrifuge at 4000 rpm at room temperature for 10 min.
- (3) Take 1 mL of supernatant to another 10 mL glass tube, dry at 50-60 °C with nitrogen evaporators or water bath (Please do it in the fume hood).
- (4) Dissolve the residual with 1 mL of **N-hexane**, add 1 mL of **Reconstitution Buffer** (Solution 3) and oscillate for 2 min.
- (5) Centrifuge at 4000 rpm at room temperature for 5 min.
- (6) Discard the upper liquid, take 100 µL of lower liquid for analysis.

Note: Sample dilution factor: 8, detection limit: 1 ppb

Assay procedure

Restore all reagents and samples to room temperature (25°C) before use. All the reagents should be mixed thoroughly by gently swirling before pipetting. Avoid foaming. The unused ELISA Microtiter plate should be sealed as soon as possible and stored at 2-8°C.

1. **Number:** number the samples and standard in order (multiple well), and keep a record of standard wells and sample wells. **Standard and Samples need test in duplicate**
2. **Add Sample:** add 100 µL of **Standard or Samples** per well, then add 50 µL of **Antibody Working Solution**, cover the plate with plate sealer, oscillate for 5s gently to mix thoroughly. Incubate at 25°C for 30 min in shading light.
3. **Wash:** uncover the sealer carefully, remove the liquid in each well. Immediately add 300 µL of **Wash Buffer** (Solution 4) to each well and wash. Repeat wash procedure for 5 times, 30 s intervals/time. Invert the plate and pat it against thick clean absorbent paper (If bubbles exist in the wells, clean tips can be used to prick them).
4. **HRP Conjugate:** Add 100 µL of **HRP Conjugate** to each well, incubate at 25°C for 30 min in shading light.
5. **Wash:** Repeat step 3
6. **Color Development:** add 50 µL of **Substrate Reagent A** to each well, and then add 50 µL of **Substrate Reagent B**. Gently oscillate for 5s to mix thoroughly. Incubate at 25°C for 15 min in shading light (The reaction time can be extended according to the actual color change).
7. **Stop Reaction:** add 50 µL of **Stop Solution** to each well, oscillate gently to mix thoroughly.
8. **OD Measurement:** determine the optical density (OD value) of each well at 450 nm (reference wavelength 630 nm) with a microplate reader. This step should be finished in 10 min after stop reaction.

Result analysis

1. Absorbance (%) = $A/A_0 \times 100\%$

A: Average absorbance of standard or sample

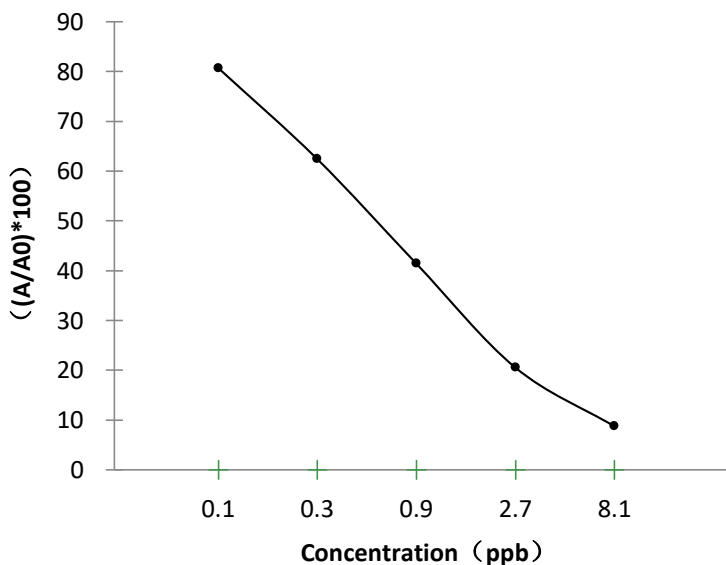
A_0 : Average absorbance of 0 ppb Standard

2. Drawing and calculation of standard curve

Create a standard curve by plotting the absorbance percentage of each standard on the y-axis against the log concentration on the x-axis to draw a semi-logarithmic plot. Add average absorbance value of sample to standard curve to get corresponding concentration. **If samples have been diluted, the concentration calculated from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.**

For this kit, it is more convenient to use professional analysis form for accurate and fast analysis on a large number of samples.

Dexamethasone (E-FS-E009) Standard Curve



Notes

1. The overall OD value will be lower when reagents have not been brought to room temperature before use or room temperature is below 25°C.
2. If the wells turn dry during the washing procedure, it will lead to bad linear standard curve and poor repeatability. Operate the next step immediately after wash.
3. Mix thoroughly and wash the plate completely. The consistency of wash procedure can strongly affect the reproducibility of this ELISA kit.
4. ELISA Microtiter plate should be covered by plate sealer. Avoid the kit to strong light.
5. **Each reagent is optimized for use in the E-FS-E009. Do not substitute reagents from any other manufacturer into the test kit. Do not combine reagents from other E-FS-E009 with different lot numbers.**
6. Substrate Reagent should be abandoned if it turns blue color. When OD value of standard (concentration: 0) < 0.5 unit (A450nm < 0.5), it indicates the reagent be deteriorated.
7. Stop solution is caustic, avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8. As the OD values of the standard curve may vary according to the conditions of the actual assay performance (e.g. operator, pipetting technique, washing technique or temperature effects), the operator should establish a standard curve for each test.
9. Even the same operator might get different results in two separate experiments. In order to get reproducible results, the operation of every step in the assay should be controlled.
10. **For mentioned sample fast and efficient extraction methods are included in the kit description. Please consult technical support for the applicability if other sample need to be tested.**
11. The kit is used for rapid screening of actual samples. If the test result is positive, the instrument method such as HPLC, LC/MS, etc. can be used for quantitative confirmation.

Storage and expiry date

Store the kit at 2-8°C. Do not freeze any test kit components.

Return any unused microwells to their original foil bag and reseal them together with the desiccant provided and further store at 2-8°C.

Expiry date: expiration date is on the packing box.